

Learning Outcomes

- The students could get jobs in companies in the E Governance Department.
- The students could able to understand the fundamentals of E-Governance in India.
- The students can apply and analyze the models of E-Governance and implications on the services delivery system

Course Code : CSVAC- 03	E – Governance Hours : 30	
Objectives	To enable the students,	
	To acquire knowledge towards E-governance and E-government.	
	To develop and understand regarding different models of E-governance and the framework.	
	To apply the knowledge towards the areas of current E-governance.	
	To develop skills and provide ideas & Suggestions for e-governance issues.	
Unit-I	E-Governance introduction: An Overview; Meaning- definition - nature - importance- Needs of	
	E-Governance- Issues in E-Governance applications and the Digital Divide, Evolution of E-	
	Governance, Its scope and content - components of e-Governance-	
	, Implementation of e-Government, Critical success e-Governance, Role of social media in e-	
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Unit-II	Models of E – Governance : Models of Digital Governance -E-Governance Maturity Model	
	- 6C Model - Concept of Public Private Partnership Technology Frame work for E-governance - E-governance and Good Governance - Difference between	
	e- government and e-Governance- Benefits of E-Governance – Current Status.	
Unit-III	E-Governance at Union , State and local level : National E-Governance Plan - Central Mission	
	Mode Projects-State Mission Mode Projects-Integrated Mission Mode Projects - Implementation	
	Strategy -Components – IT Act 2000, National E-Governance Plan Programme Management Unit-	
	National Informatics Center – Information Technology Enabled Service (ITES).	
Unit-IV	E-Governance at Local Level: E-Sewa (Electronic Citizen Services) - E-governance in RuralLocal	
	Bodies - Urban Local Bodies E-Management of Development Projects at Rural and Urban local	
	bodies (JNNURM) -Effective Service Delivery through E-Governance - Transparency and	
	Accountability at Grassroots Level.	
Unit-V	Issues and Challenges of E-governance: Cyber Security – Surveillance - Cyber Crimes - Socio-	
	Economic Issues - Digital Divide -Capacity Building - Socio-Political implications of E-	
	Governance - Issues of integration –Networking with NGOs, CBOs - Government resourceplanning	
	and process re-engineering -Government Process Re-engineering - Best Practices and Lessons from	
References	other E-governance reengineering project.	
	1. Ashok Agarwal (Ed.), Governance - Case Studies, University Press India Pvt, Limited, Hyderabad, 2007. 2.	

- Ashok Agarwal (Ed.), Governance Case Studies, University Press India Pvt. Limited, Hyderabad, 2007. 2.
 B Srinivas Raj, E-Governance Techniques Indian and Global Experiences, New Century Publications, New Delhi, 2008
- 3. Parthasaradhi.Y., E-governance and Indian Society, Kanishka, New Delhi, 2009
- 4. SubhashBhatnagar, Unlocking E-Government Potentital Concepts, Cases and Practical Insights, Sage, NewDelhi, 2009.
- 5. M. Laxmikanth, Governance in India Second Edition, McGraw Hill Publication, New Delhi, 2014.
- 6. Uttam Kr Pegu, E-governance in India: Concept, Initiatives and Challenges, Lap Lambert AcademicPublishing, 2017.
- 7. P.Panneervel, E-Governance: A Change Management Tool, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2005.
- 8. Vasu Deva, E-Governance, Commonwealth Publishers, New Delhi, 2005. 12.
- 9. Dr.AshokPurohit, E-Governance, Mohit Books International, New Delhi,

Outcomes

After Completing the Course Successfully

- 1. The students could get jobs in companies in the $E-Governance\ Department.$
- 2. The students could able to understand the fundamentals of E-Governance in India.
- 3. The students can apply and analyze the models of E-Governance and implications on theservices delivery system.